

December 10, 2018

Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305) Food and Drug Administration 5630 Fishers Lane, Room 1061 Rockville, MD 20852

Re: Comments for Docket No. FDA-2018-D-2173: Long Term Follow-Up After Administration of Human Gene Therapy Products

Dear Sir/Madam:

The American Society of Gene & Cell Therapy (ASGCT) appreciates the opportunity to comment on this guidance document. ASGCT is a professional membership organization for gene and cell therapy with over 3,000 members. Membership consists primarily of scientific researchers, physicians, other professionals, and students in training. Members work in a wide range of settings including universities, hospitals, biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, and government agencies. The mission of ASGCT is to advance knowledge, awareness, and education leading to the discovery and clinical application of genetic and cellular therapies to alleviate human disease.

ASGCT appreciates the opportunity to comment on this guidance document. FDA's recommendations in this draft guidance are generally welcomed and will provide clarity for long-term follow up after administration of gene therapy products. The Society supports vector-and disease-specific requirements for long-term follow-up reporting, as this guidance document proposes. The Society agrees that the 15-year reporting requirement for many gene therapy applications is no longer relevant to many *in vivo* DNA vector applications because of a 25-year experience with *in vivo* administration of DNA vectors. The following specific comments are provided for FDA consideration:

Section/ Lines	<u>Comment/Issue</u>	Proposed Change	
IV.	Preclinical Data Used for Assessment of Delaye	d Risks in Gene Therapy	
	Clinical Trials		
B. Considerations for Preclinical Study Design to Assess Biodistribution and			
Persistence of Gene Therapy Product			
361 – 362	Guidance Text: "We recommend that you	"We recommend that you	
	perform preclinical biodistribution studies using	perform preclinical	
	methods shown to be sensitive and quantitative	biodistribution studies using	
	to detect product sequences."	methods shown to be sensitive	
		and quantitative to detect	

Section/	<u>Comment/Issue</u>	Proposed Change	
<u>Lines</u>	Comment: ASGCT recommends that when a	product sequences, except	
	sponsor utilizes a different transgene in the same	when the biodistribution of the	
	capsid as that sponsor's previous data, the sponsor may use its prior biodistribution data,	vector being used has been well defined and well	
	without a requirement to repeat biodistribution	characterized. If the product	
	studies.	differs only in the transgene	
		encoded, biodistribution	
		studies do not need to be repeated."	
C. Vector Persistence, Integration, Reactivation and Genome Modification:			
Assessing Long-Term Risks			
523 – 525	Guidance Text: Table 1. Propensity of		
	Commonly Used Gene Therapy		
	Products/Vectors to Modify the Host Genome		
	Comment: Clarify or exemplify the meaning of		
	long-term follow-up observations being product		
	specific for transposon elements and microbial		
	vectors for gene therapy.		
V.	Recommendations for Protocols for Long Term	Follow-Up Observations:	
	Clinical Considerations		
D. Elements of Long Term Follow-Up Observations			
3. Annual Reports to the IND/Summary Information			
768 – 773	Guidance text: "In that report, you should submit		
	information obtained during the previous year's		
	clinical and nonclinical investigations, including a summary of all IND safety reports submitted		
	during the past year, and a narrative or tabular		
	summary showing the most frequent and most		
	serious adverse experiences by body system."		
	Comment: Clarity is needed on the degree of		
	reporting for expected side effects, since the		
	guidance implies that sponsors should collect		
	and report all adverse events, which may be		
	numerous in patients proceeding to other		
VI.	therapies. Conoral Considerations for Post Marketing M.	onitoring Plans for Cons	
VI.	General Considerations for Post-Marketing Mo Therapy Products	omtoring rians for Gene	
1054 – 1055	Comment: Within this section, we recommend		
	that FDA clarify that use of patient registries are		
	allowable for use in long-term reporting.		

Thank you for consideration of these comments. Please do not hesitate to let ASGCT know if you have questions.

Sincerely,

Maritza C. McIntrye, PhD

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Chair, ASGCT Clinical Trials and Regulatory Affairs Committee